NOT TO ARREST CHINESE.

AN ORDER ISSUED FROM THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

ENFORCEMENT OF THE EXCLUSION ACT DE-LAYED UNTIL FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS -

GOVERNOR PENNOYER'S DISPATCH. Washington, May 4.-The text of the order instruct ing United States officials not to arrest Chinese who have not registered was telegraphed from the Treasury Department to-day, as follows:

T.casury Department, Washington, D. C., May 4, 1893. Treasury Department, Washintton, D. C., May 4, 1895. The time within which Chinese laborers are required by the act of May 5, 1892, to produce certificates of residence will expire on the fifth day of the present month, and it is evident from the partial reports made to this Department by the collectors of internal revenue that in some of the States and Territories large numbers of such persons have failed or refused to make application as required by the law, but until complete reports are received the names and residences of those who have registered and procured certificates, and who therefore are exempt from arrest, certificates, and who therefore are exempt from arrest,

annot be officially known. Collectors of internal revenue and collectors of customs and all other customs officials of the United States are therefore instructed to refrain from making a rests under the provisions of the sixth section of the act, approved May 5. provisions of the sixth section Prohibit the Coming of Chineses, entitled "An Act to Prohibit the Coming of Chineses," until further order and instructions from this Department.

J. G. CARLISLE, Secretary.

The Attorney-General has supplemented this cir-cular by instructing the United States District-Attor-neys to defer proceedings under the act of May 5, inder order of court, until necessary arrangements for the arrest, imprisonment and de portation of accused persons can be perfected, of which due notice will be given. secretary Gresham reaffirmed to-day his statement

of yesterday that he had sent telegrams to Governors of Western States asking them to take precautions against violence to Chinese when the Exclusion act takes effect. He did not care to state how many or what Governors had been asked to take action, but said that the text of the dispatch over his signature, given out for publication by Pennoyer, of Oregon, was correct. The Secretary declined to comment on the answer sent him by

"The telegrams speak for themselves," he said. "I sent a perfectly respectful message to Governor Pennoyer, and received in reply the dispatch which has been given to the press. Representations had been made to the Department that violence might be done to Chanese subjects when the law went into effect, and the dispatches were sent as precautionary measures. I do not believe there is any prospect trouble, but the dispatches were sent, ne less, to allay apprehension-"

The serious trouble in which the United States be came involved through the conflict between State laws and treaty stipulations over the killing of Italian citizens in New-Orleans, and also over the killing of seven Chinese and the wounding of many others at Rock Creek, Wyo., for which the United States tendered reparation, caused the Administration to take every precaution to avert violence toward Chinese citizens over the enforcement of the Exclusion law. Foreign governments bave always required explanations from the United States with reference to the paramount authority of a State in regard to crimes committed n its borders, even in cases where the crimes not in violation of treaty stipulations. The State Department decided to give to the Chinese Government, in the event of trouble, assurance that every precaution had been taken for the protection of Chinese subjects, so far as the advice and authority of the General Government could go. It will be remembered that President Harrison strongly recom mended to Congress to pass a law giving to the United States courts jurisdiction over offences against treaty stipulations committed in the States, but Congress declined to adopt the recommendation.

The officers of the 11d District, Internal Revenue Department, at No. 113 Nassau-st., were busy yes terday registering the Chinese, who at the last moment are complying with the Geary Registration act. The Chinese, who began to realize that the Geary law would be enforced, kicked over the traces with which the Six Companies, of San Francisco, have tried to harness them. They began coming in on Tuesday. On Wednesday there was a decided increase in the number who came to register, and yesterday a small crowd, for nearly eighty men got their papers.

Wendell, the chief deputy of the depar ment, who was looking after the work yesterday in the absence of General Michael Kerwin, who is ill, said to a Tribune reporter yesterday; Chinese are coming in in first-rate style, and we are as busy as we can be. To-morrow I expect that every deputy in this office will be worked nearly off his legs. We have not received any late infrom Washington, and should secretary Carlisle, of the Treasury, not send us further structions we certainty shall not arrest any Chlinaman on Saturday. It will be just as simple a matter to do that a few days after the act is in force as on the first day, and the test case is as likely, to be tried in the West as it is in our district.

While the reporter was waiting for a few minutes in the outside office half a dozen Chinaman came in to register.

IN THE DARK AS TO HAWAII.

NO LIGHT THROWN UPON THE SITUATION IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, May 4.-No light from a source con nected with the Hawaiian Islands can be thrown from here upon the news received from Honolulu yesterday, and made public to-day. Mr. Carter, uber of the Annexation Commission which reached Washington February 3 left the city last week to return home. Mr. Thurston, the head of the Com-mission, is still in this country, but has been for a month past at Chicago in the discharge of his duties as Commissioner to the World's Fair, from Hawaii. Mott-Smith, whom, it is rumored, Mr. Thurston Is to succeed as diplomatic representative of the Pro-visional Government to the United States, has not been in Washington for several weeks. Whatever communications have been received at

the State Department from Special Commissioner Blount are kept a profound secret, so that any news he may have to impart will probably be old by the time the communications are made public by reque of Congress or otherwise.

with whom Paul Neumann talked while be was in Washington recently as attorney for Queen okalani, judging from his statements then, are not surprised by the statement that he has abandoned the Queen's cause, upon her refusal to accept a pen-tion from the Provisional Government, relying instead upon the hope that the United States will rewhile here was that the Queen was entitled to the use of the crown lands during life or the payment of a pension commensurate in some degree with the evenue derived therefrom by the Government. Upon use subject of the restoration of the monarchy he was emphatic. "That will never be," he said. "It is idle to talk of such an event. The people do not want or ask for it, and the United States will not be a party to such a movement, and without the assistance of the United States the Queen can never again occupy her throne." subject of the restoration of the monarchy

REGULATIONS FOR OCEAN TRAVELLERS.

A TREASURY ORDER CONCERNING THE INSPEC

TION AND DISINFECTION OF BAGGAGE. Washington, May 4 .- The Treasury Department to day issued an important circular giving instructions no to the regulation of in nigration and cabin passage under the new law as follows:

Treasury Department, May 4, 1893. To Consular and Medical Officers of the United States in

foreign ports:
In accordance with the act of Congress approved Febcoary 15, 1893, it is hereby ordered that, until further notice, all baggage of sterage passengers destined for the United States shall be libelled. If the baggage has been happeted and passed, the label shall be a red label, bearing the name of the port, the steamship on which the baggage is to be carried, the word "Inspected" in large baggage is to be carried, the word "Inspected" in large type, the date of inspection, and the seal or stamp of the Consulate or of the medical officer of the United States serving in the office of the Consul. All baggage that has been disinfected shall be posted with a yellow lated, upon which shall be printed the name of the port, the steamship upon which the baggage is to be carried, the word "Disinfected" in large type, the date of disinfection, and the seal or stamp of the Consulate or of the medical officer of the United States serving in the office of the Consul. It is understood, and it will be so printed on Consul. It is understood, and it all unless bearing the blank, that the lubel is not valid unless bearing the Consular or medical officer's stamp or seal. It is understood, and it will be so printed on

It is further ordered that each immigrant or steerage passenger shall be furnished with an inspection card, on which shall be inscribed or stamped the part of departure, name of the steamship, date of departure, name of immigrant or steerage passenger and last residence, and the seal or stamp of the United States Consulate or the de-tailed medical officer. This eard is to be retained by the ent until he reaches his point of destination in the States, and the health officers of the reveral through whose boundaries the immigrant must pass,

nd will greatly facilitate his transportation.

This card is to be issued by the Consular or medica

well as to the head thereof.

shall be given a special inspection card, on which shall printed the port of departure, name of passenger, name ship, date of departure, and an indicated space for the seal or stamp of the Consular or medical officer. The J. G. CARLISLE, Secretary

NO SUMMONS SENT TO MR. MEAKIM.

Washington, May 4 .- At the White House to-day all knowledge of any summons to Alexander New York City, to come here to meet the President was denied. It had been rumored that Mr. Meakim was called here to confer with the President relative to the Postoffice appointment, with the intimation that the place was to be offered to him. Mr. Meakim does not appear to be in the city.

ARRESTED ON THE CHARGE OF FORGERY.

W. A. REILLY, WHO INHERITED \$100,000, AC CUTED OF PASSING BAD CHECKS.

Walter A. Reilly, of this city, was arrested in Richmond, Va., on Wednesday on a charge of forgery. He is accused of forging several checks, including one for \$3,500, which was cashed at the Madtson Square Bank on April 24. The police learned of his pres ence in Richmond through a telegram from Carrington & Archer, proprietors of a hotel in that city, wh wanted to know if it was safe for them to cash one of Relly's checks for \$15. Inspector McLaughlin tele-graphed to the police of Richmond to arrest Reilly. Yesterday he sent Detective-Sergeants Mulry and Mulvey to Richmond to bring Reilly back to this city. In reporting the arrest of Rellly, the police of Richmond said that the prisoner had expressed his willing ness to return to New-York without a requisition. He had added, it was reported, that he had squan-

dered \$83,000 within a year.

It was said in the Detective Eureau yesterday that Reilly had been something of a "high roller" in this city since the death of his father, a few years age when he inherited a fortune of about \$100,000. engaged in several enterprises, including the manufacture of artificial stone, but it was said that he lost money in all of them and that he also lost money over gaming tables. His brother, Clarence C. Rellly who had inherited an equal portion of the father's estate and saved it, died recently. Walter C. Burke is the executor of the estate of Clarence C. Relliv and has the money in the custody of the Union Trus Company. The check for \$3 500 which Walter Reilly had cashed at the Madison Square Bank purported t be signed by Burke. It was drawn on the Union Trust Company to the order of Dr. P. J. Lynch, of No. 216 East Thirteenth-st., who is Reilly's father-in-law. Reilly married a daughter of Dr. Lynch several years ago. Dr. Lynch said yesterd v that his daughter and two children had been disgraced by the bad conduct of Reilly, but he added that he was not the complainant against his son in law because he had be nothing by the forgery. He thought that the loss of he money would fall on the bank. At the Detective Eureau, however, it was said that, as the Union Trust Company had certified to the check before it was cashed, the loss probably would be sustained by the company.

was cashed, the loss plant the company.

On his way to Richmond, it was said. Reilly had passed three worthless checks in Washington. The checks were sold to have been for sums amounting to over \$2,500.

In this city it was said Reilly had been a member of several ciubs, including the Manhattan Athletic Club. He had lived in Tarrytown most of the time

A WOMAN'S TALE OF POVERTY AND DEATH

MRS. SINGELMANN LOSES HER HUSBAND AND

HER HOME, AND EXPOSES HER SICK CHILD. A pitiful story of poverty, suffering and death was told yesterday at the Bureau of Contagious Dis eases. It was told by Mrs. Letty Singelmann, who thought the Health Board intended to take away her little son, who was ill with measles. The woman lately Eved with her husband and her young son Ec ward in a tenement-house in East Eighteenth-st. Her husband was dying with consumption at the time and his sickness had brought the family to the extreme verge of destitution. The landlord dis-possessed them for non-payment of the rent about a week ago. Singelmann was taken to Bellevoor Hospital, where he died on Tuesday. His wife and son found shelter in the rooms of a neighbor, but a few days ago the boy was attacked with mea-tand some person in the house sent a request to the Health Board to remove the child. Information that the boy was to be sent to a hospital was given to Mrs. Singelmann on Tuesday, after she had been told of her husband's death, and she became hysterical. Taking the sick boy in her arms she carried him to Taking the sick boy in her arms she carried him to the home of her anut, Mrs. Stewart, at No. 173 will be returned to the chrysanthemum show, when the loopidal to look at the body of her husbant. Inspectors of the Bureau of Contagious Diseases were searching for the sick boy later, and Mrs. Singelmans was told that she had committed an offence by evacting them. She was informed at the Bureau yesterday that she might keep her son in the house in Eldridges. that she might keep her son in the house in Eldridge. | tion. taken not to exponensies. Altert cathem children

TEACHERS AND PUPILS HEALTH ENDANGERED The dampness in the new building in which the New-York Press Club is holding its fair has given many of those who have been compelled to remain in the building any length of time severe colds superintendent Jasper, who has been in the building a number of times looking after the school exhibit has taken a bad cold, which has nearly prostrated him. The dampness has been especially trying to the school children, who are in attendance every day take care of the exhibits made by their schools. So many of the children caught cold and their parent protested so much that on Wednesday the school ex biblt of the fair was closed, and it will not be opened again until this evening, in order that some action may be taken to overcome the dampness. The school exhibit will be reopened, however, this evening, although fears are expressed that it will have to be closed permanently, as the parents of the children in attendance object to placing the health of their chi-

dren in jeopardy.
Superintendent Jasper said to a Tribune reporter yesterday: "In reference to the complaints made by school teachers about extra work to prepare a school exhibit for the Press Club Fair, I have only that I am not surprised if such complaints have been made. school teachers are apt to o'ject if any change made in the ordinary routine of school work. It is true that they get no extra pay for the work the do for this fair, but the city pays them for so many hours of their time every day, and it has a right to demand of them any such extra work if it is done in store her to the throne. Mr. Neumann's position the school hours. If parents complain about their children being taken from their regular studies in order to prepare an exhibit for the fair, they must be misinformed about the amount of time their work

requires. It was all done in a few hours." some complaint has been made about the teacher who have had the school exhibit in charge being comwho have had the school exhibit in charge being com-pelled to pay out of their own pockets for the cov-erings of the tables at the fair. The teachers have paid over \$400 for this item alone, and as the num-ber of teachers involved in this expense is compara-tively small, it fails rather heavily on them. Yester-day, however, Edward II, hoyer, president of the Male Frincipal Association, received a letter from the man agers of the fair in which they said that the entire sum would be refunded to the teachers.

WORKING FOR THE GOULD MEMORIAL HOME.

The annual meeting of the New-York association in aid of the Gould Memorial Home and School, in Rome, Italy, was held in the Hall of the United Charities Building, Fourth-ave, and Twenty-second-st. yesterday afternoon. H. B. Barnes, secretary of the Board of Trustees of the New-York association, presided, and read an interesting letter from Dr Gordon Gray, secretary of the council in Rome, Mrs. C. R. Agnews, first directress, read a long report from Mme. Bompiani, correspondent of the Rome home. Miss L. Boorman, treasurer of the New-York association, read her report. It showed that the home had been satisfactorily managed during the last year, and gave encouragement for the futur The debt of \$5,000 which has existed for several years on the home has been entirely removed. desire of the New-York association now is to raise a permanent fund, the interest of which may pay th taxes and other expenses on buildings; also t yearly subscriptions to defray the running expense of the home in Rome. Other speakers were the Rev Antonio Arrighi, pastor of the Italian Evangelical Church of the New York City Mission Society, and the Rev. Dr. Heward Duffield, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of this city.

THEY WANTED TO KISS IN COURT.

B. B. Delaro, an actor, the son of Sellna Delaro, charge of robbing Minnie Wescott, of No. 254 Wes Twenty-ninth-st., of two silver-mounted opinin pipes. She gave them to him for safe keeping, and he didn't return them. Judge Fitzgerald directed the jury to acquit the defendant on the ground that the v Sh did not wish to press the charge. Delaro fell upon

when the laughter of the spectators caused the Jarge to rap for order. Delaro is married. He was arrested last month in a raid on an oplum den.

A WOMAN'S STRUGGLE WITH A BURGLAR

HE WAS AN EX-CONVICT RECENTLY PARDONED

BY GOVERNOR FLOWER. Edward Casey, twenty-six years old, of No. 325 East Thirty-ninth-st., an ex-convict, who was pardoned five months ago by Governor Flower, was com-mitted for trial in \$2,000 ball yesterday by Justice imms, at the Harlem Police Court, on a charge of burglary preferred by Mrs. Annie Payne, the housekeeper for Henry Simons, a business man, living at No. 200 West One-hundr d and thirty-first-st. When pardoned Casey was serving a sentence of twelve years for robbery, at Sing Sing. On the evening of day 2, Casey and another burglar forced their way into the basement of the house by means of a "jimmy," and were engaged in removing articles of value in the place when they were surprised by Mrs. Payne. Without uttering a word they pushed by her and gained the street, followed by the who screamed at the top of her voice. Furnous at the poise she was making Casey turned upon Mrs. Payne, and, with a blow of his list, knocked her down, Casey and his confederate then fied. But Mrs. Payne followed her assailant, keeping him in sight until he vas arrested by Policeman Buckley, of the West One-hundred-and twenty-fifth-st. squad. Casey did not readily submit to arrest, however. He tried to break away from the officer, and, failing in that, struck Buckley in the face with a "Jimmy." Buckley soon overpowered him.

TUBEROUS PLANTS IN BLOOM.

MANY CHILDREN TO VISIT THE FLOWER SHOW

TO DAY. Garden was given up chiefly yesterday to built flowering plants. In front of the arena boxes, all around the amphitheatre, were arranged beds and stands of beautiful flowering plants. To the right, as one enters the Garden, are grouped a number of hydrangers, with their giant heads of bloom. Separated from them is the best group of the flowering plants arranged for effect, placed there by Pitcher & Manda. Here are cinerarias of all colors, calceolarias, cannas, spirea, the yellow genesta, hyacinths, a few ferns, daffodils and jonaquils and pots of asparagus. The hed is semicircular, having on its flanks two aranearis, and a fine palm filling the centre. Next omes a stand given up entirely to hyacinths and arcissuses. The adjoining stand has two splendid specimens of seedling anthurium, the property of A. P. Meredith, of Pittsfield, Mass., and are valued at \$200 each. Then there are orchids, such as the dendroblum, with its sprays of white flowers with deep yellow petals; the many-colored cattleyas, bromeliads, adontoglossum, chryoes and the batterfly menaes, adentogiossum, caryoes and the batterny orchid. Near by are the cypripediums, noteworthy among which is Californicum, with almost a pure white cup, and worth the price of a decent race-horse. On this same stand are a splendid Dendroblam Dalhousianum, and that strange plant, Cypripedium andatum, with whiskers that would make Lord Dundreary jealous. Then follows another stand of hyacinths, just beyond which is a stand given up wholly to a wonderful exhibit of calceolarias, the property of J. Hood Wright. The flowers are like small send, any two points within the city limits for 5 cents circular bags with their mouths open, and the coloring, though rich, is often uncanny in the way it is potted, reminding one of snakes, Bzards and toads,

Across the half there is the finest exhibit of this uplike flower, in almost every color, and often almost entirely to tulips and lilles of the valley, but nagnificently colored. On another stand is a grand land, Charles A. Briggs and George Sauter. he exhibits are uncommonly good, the tulips being exhibit of flowers of the interous bigonia, sent to show by Mrs. L. T. Peters, of Islip, L. L. For

Association to the industrial schools of the Children's Aid Society is the feature of the show. About 2,600 children will meet at 1:30 p. m. in the Madison Square Gorden Concert Hall, where an entertaining pro-gramme will be carried out. Each child will re-ceive a flower cutting, and next fall the plants

RAILROAD INTERFSTS.

CALIFORNIA RATE REDUCED. Chicago, May 4.-At a meeting of the Chicago Rallway Association to day it was decided to accept the joint notice of the scuthern Pacific, Santa Fe. Misearl Pacific and Union Pacific that they would put in effect May 5 the rate of \$44.50 from the Missouri River to California common points, and \$25 to Colorado common points. These rates are to apply to eastbound as well as to westbound. The oads west of the river have to day announced a rate of \$55. Chicago to taliforam, based on the rate which is to go into effect west of the river on May 5. The rate from Chicago will be effective May 5.

A PASSENGER MEFTING CALLED.

Chicago, May 4.- A meeting of the lines in the Central Traffic Association has been called for May 10. The matters to come before the meeting are mostly of a contine nature, though international excursion rates during the Fair and eastbound con-linuous train tickets will be up for discussion.

AN ELECTRIC ROAD FROM TOLEDO TO DETROIT. Cleveland, May 4.-A disputch from Toledo says that the right of way has been secured in a the heart of that city for an electric railway from Toledo to Detroit. The scheme is being backed by two noted Michigan men, who are abundantly able to carry out the project-senator James McMillan and Millionaire Joy. The line will strike Ohio just above Manhattan and will have its terminus at the junction of Oak and Summit sts. The capital stock will be about \$0.00,000, and it is proposed to carry passengers between the two cuties for \$1.50, as compared with \$2.60 by steam railroads.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL DIRECTORS RE-ELECTED. Detroit, May 4.- This morning the stockholders of the Michigan Central Railroad Company held their unual meeting. After the reading of the annual report, made public yesterday, the following were re-clotted directors for the ensuing year: Cornellus Vanderbill, William K. Vanderbill, Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Edwin D. Worcester, samuel F. Bargoe and Chauncey M. Depew, of New-York; Henry B. Led-yard and Ashley Fond, of Detroit; Frederick S. Winston, of Chicago.

A PROSPEROUS PRESBYTERIAN HOME.

The Presbyterian Home for Aged Women cele cosey chapel was decorated with roses and potted plants and was well filled with the inmates of the home and their hosts of friends. Addresses were made by the Rev. Dr. Henry M. Booth, the Rev. Dr. Davies, and the Rev. Dr. Samuel Alexander. Miss ida Abbott and Miss G. sprague sang. Miss M. s. Wright, the secretary, read her annual report, which showed the home to be in a prosperous condition. Miss Wright said that she had to report "only good things." Including servants, the home now numbers fifty-one inmates. During the year three deaths or curred. They were Mary Hard, aged ninety-three Johanna Kunkel, aged seventy-six, and Catherine Gardener, aged sixty-seven. Among those present were Miss S. D. Parish, Mrs. C. F. Griffin, Miss Rachel Kennedy, Miss L. P. Halsted, Miss Emily O. Butler Mrs. Theodore Weston, Mrs. John P. Duncan, Mrs. C. P. Hartt, Mrs. Alexander Mattland, Mrs. A. McLean, Mrs. Granville B. Sndth, Mrs. M. R. Vincent, and Mrs. George C. Wetmore.

A NEW SOCIETY OF COLONIAL DAMES.

A society called the Colonial Dames of the State city. New York is thus represented among the thic teen original States forming the National Society se headquarters are in Washington. The State societies are independent, but there is a central board. Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, Delaware, Rhode Island North and South Carolina, Georgia and Virginia, with the District of Columbia, are represented in the National organization. The Massachuseits society nas just been incorporated. Connecticut will also have an organization.

The newly incorporated society here has an ad-visory board of men prominent in the historic socie-ties of this city.

THE COMMISSIONERS FIRM.

NO YIELDING TO THE MANHATTAN ROAD.

AN ANSWER FROM THE COMPANY TO BE CON-SIDERED AND ACTED ON TO-DAY.

The meeting of the Rapid Transit Commission to be held this afternoon in William Steinway's house, at No. 26 Gramercy Park, promises to be a notable one. The answer of the Manhattan Rallway Company to the propositions of the commission will be received. This answer will bring directly before the commission for discussion again the question of compensation.

The commissioners are all agreed that the compensation named in their last proposition to the Manhattan Company is just. They are also agreed that it will be necessary for them to resume their work by laying out and offering for sale new independent lines of elevated railroads if the Manhattan Company rejects the propositions. The attitude of the commissioners in this respect is considered of great importance, in view of the fact that the Manhattan directors have annonneed that they will reject the terms of compensa-

The Manhattan Special Committee on Extensions met yesterday morning in the office of George J. Gould, in the Western Union Building. The meeting lasted several hours. Samuel Sloan, one of those present, said that the committee had not completed its deliberations. The members of the committee, he said, would meet again this morning at 10 o'clock, when they would agree on their answer, which is to be sent to the Rapid Transit Commission this afternoon. It was learned from a member of the committee that it had been decided that the clause of the commitsion's proposition fixing the compensation to be paid to the city by the Manhattan Company at 5 per cent of the net receipts of the entire system would be proposition fixing the compensation to the paid to the city by the Manhattan Company at 5 per cent of the net receipts of the entire system would be proposition fixing the compensation to the paid to the city by the Manhattan Company at 5 per cent of the net receipts of the entire system would be paid to the city by the manhattan company at 5 per cent of the net receipts of the entire system would be paid to the city by the Manhattan Company at 5 per cent of the net receipts of the entire system would be paid to the city by the Manhattan Company at 5 per cent of the net receipts of the entire system would be paid to the city by the Manhattan Company at 5 per cent of the net receipts of the entire system would be provided by the Delaware and Otsego Railtion fixed by the commission. The Manhattan Special Committee on Extension per cent of the net receipts of the entire system would be rejected. Some substitute more profitable to the Manhattan Company will be offered.

A member of the Committee on Extensions was quoted yesterday as saying that the Manhattan Company would be found ready to make concessions looking to a compromise on the question of compensation. "Controller Myers's proposition," said this man, "to make the basis 5 per cent of the increased gross earnings will be considered by us. If that were altered to net earnings, it might prove a just way of arrang-

ing the payment."
William Steinway, president of the Rapid Transit Commission, repeated yesterday his utterances con-cerning the action of the cornaission in case of the rejection of the commission's preposition by the Man-

battan Company. "If nothing is agreed upon to morrow," said Mr. Steinway, "or if nothing is found worth consideration we shall devise new plans. The thing we are most likely to do under such circumstances will be to lay out two new independent lines of elevated railroads. one on each side of the city, the franchises to be sold at public auction."

Lawson N. Fuller, one of the sturdiest supporter of the Manhattan Company's policy, was seen by a Tribune reporter in Russell sage's office yesterday. Mr. Fuller has a new scheme. He wants the Man nattan Company to get all the extensions and additions effered by the Rapid Transit Commission with out the payment of one cent into the city treasury. He This, he holds, would be ample compensation to the people of the city. This plan will be presented to the Eapid Transit Commission at the meeting to day by a committee of iwenty-five, headed by Alderman Robert B. saul. Some of the other members of this arlegated. E. Asmus has three stands given up committee are Charles E. Runke, Isaac L. Pect, Dr. George F. Jackson, J. H. Caryl, J. Rieger, W. F. stillings, Resolved Gardner, Charles H. Hol-

"This committee," said Mr. Fuller, "will go before the commission to morrow and ask the comthe show by Mrs. L. T. Peters, of Islip, L. L. For the size of the flowers and rich coloring there is nothing to beat them in the coarder. Alongside is a fine collection of cinerarias, the property of J. B. Coleate. This small patch is simply a blaze of color of almost every conceivable hue.

Besides the attraction of the flowers, there is an excellent land, that plays throughout the afternoon and evening in the carden. The distribution of flowers today by the Kindergarten and Potted Plant Association to the industrial schools of the Children's Association to the industrial schools o

"Does the Mannatian Company favor this plant,"
the reporter asked.

"Oh! I don't know," Mr. Fuller replied. "This
plan." Mr. Fuller continued. "Is bound to become
popular with the people. It hink of the money it
would save to shop girls and other working people?"
Hassell sage refused to talk about the plants of
the Manhattan Company.

BANDITS LOSE A GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

arrived here in their special car yesterday over the The party made a trip over to Walton, the present terminus of the Texarkana and Fort smith Railway, yesterday afternoon, and arrived here has high at 8 o'clock. They will remain until to morrow, when they have here over the Iron Mountain for Hannibal. The party came down over the Missouri, Kansas and The party came down over the Missouri, Kansas and I rexis road last high and were with the train that was held up be handles at Pryor's Crock Thesday hight. The robbers, however, did not invade their car and no one of the mea experienced any particular annoyance because of the "hold-up." General Manager Centry, of the Kansas City and Gulf, however, who was with the party at the time and left them at Wagener, had a close call when the firing began. Military Academy, and he wished that all the com-

Rarely have men such good luck as had those and theres. General Greene, who rarely mi Eastern ratiroad men who were on the Missouri Rubsis and Texas train which was robbed in the tranks indian Territory Tuesday night. Owing to the Gener presence of mind of the conductor of the train, who put out the lights in the sleeper occupied by the and was graduated from West Point in Janua, 12-15, and was it was a "dead car," the bandits failed to loot the last year of his academic course. Upon graduation car and "relieve" the passengers of their watches, purses and other valuable articles. Had they done so their hand would have been twice as large as it was. One of the party, Winthrop Smith, is said to have carried a \$2,500 watch. No information to have earried a \$2,500 watch. has been received to the effect that this Eastern party presented the conductor with a testimonial for his valuable services to them, but the general entire sewerage system of Washington. Early in the opinion is that they should have given him \$1,000

E. P. Merwin, of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Trust Company, No. 36 Wall-st., yesterday received this telegram from the secretary of the company in Kansas City:

"All safe. None robbed, Private car not even entered.

The party was sent out West in a private car by us," said Mr. Merwin yesterday, "formally to open the first section of the Kansas City, Pitts burg (Kan.) and Gulf Railroad-126 miles, extending from Kansas City to Pittsburg, Kan. After opening the road they started south, their car being at tached to a train over the Missouri, Kansas and Texa Railway, intending to inspect the Texarkana and brated its twenty-seventh anniversary yesterday after Railway, intending to inspect the Texarkana and noon at the home, No. 49 East Seventy-third st. The Fort Worth Railway—a part of our system—and on Fort Worth Railway—a part of our system—and on the way the train met the bandits. In the party were Frederick Bronson, E. R. smith, Walter Binchman, C. H. Ives and C. E. Grannis, of this city. Mr. Grannis is a traveller for Merwin & o., mannfacturers of ciothing, at No. 246 Fifth ave. There were also in the party Charles E. Hinchman, W. S. Taylor, Horry Rogers, Winthrop Smith, Caleb J. Miline, W. M. Hakeslee and C. L. Brown, of Phila delphia. Winthrop Smith is a well-known banker of the firm of Winthrop Smith is a well-known banker of the firm of Winthrop & Percy Smith. Harry Rogers is vice-president of the Tradesmen's National Bank, and William M. Elakeslee and Clement L. Brown are both well-known Quaker City bankers, Others of the party were E. H. Barnes, W. F. Fields and Charles Kimberly, of New Haven, Conn.; J. von Hull, of Holland, and A. E. Stillwell and A. A. Mosher, of Kansas City, the former being president of the Kansas City and Independence Air Line, and Mr. 4 Stillwell president of the Texarkana and Fort Worth road.

"These bankers and moneyed men are all interested in the development of the Kansus City, Pittsburg and Gulf road, of which E. L. Martin, of Kansas City, is president."

NEW PROFESSORSHIPS AT DARTMOUTH.

Hanover, N. H., May 4.-At a meeting of the trustees of Dartmouth College last night three new professorships were established, viz.; biology, history and social science. The chair of biology will remain and sectal science. The chair of biology will remain untilled until commencement. The chair of history was filled by the election of Herbert H. Foster, a graduate of Dartmouth in the class of '85, and that of secial science by the election of Professor D. C. Wells, professor of history and political economy at Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Me.

FOR A CHRISTIAN CENTENNIAL AT JERUSALEM. Philadelphia, May 4.-The projectors of the Christian Centennial at Jerusalem in 1900, the chief mover which is Colonel Jesse E. Peyton, met in Car-

penter's Hall to-day. The Rev. Dr. H. C. McCook presided, and George Gluyas Mercer acted as secretary. Colonel Peyton stated the object of the centennial to be a congress of all nations to mark the 1900th anniversary of the birth of Christ. He further said that a committee would prepare resolutions and present them for adoption at a public meeting to be held in front of Independence Hall on July 4. The resolutions will then be sent to Chicago for deration by the Parliament of Religious at the Mr. McCook said a union of ometans, Israelites and Christians would be a re-

done it would be a most auspicious opening of the twentieth century. THE COURTS.

markable thing to accomplish, but if it could

BUSINESS IN THE COURT OF APPEALS. THE CASE OF EX-LABOR COMMISSIONER PECK AMONG THOSE ARGUED.

Albany, May 4.-These cases were argued in the Court of Appeals to-day : George Wing agt. Annie L. Bliss, appellant-Sub-

Loretta H. Randall agt, the National Ice Company,

c inspection,
Francis Gurnan agt, the Delaware and Otsego Ralland Company, appellant—Argued by G. D. B. Basrouck for appellant: P. Cantino for respondent.
Day calendar for to-morrow is Nos. 453, 446,
47, 453. The court will take a recess from to-morrow until

VERDICT AGAINST DENMAN THOMPSON. Charles M. Swain, an actor, secured a verdict for \$574.58 against Denman Thompson and George W. from a jury before Judge Newburger, in the City Court yesterday for personal services, swain alleged that he was engaged by the defendants on March 26, 1888, for the season at a salary of #40 a week. The season began August 23, 1888, and he played until December 22, when he was discharged, ite sued for his salary for the rest of the season and secured a verdict for the full amount.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY. Supreme Court-General Term-Before Van Brunt, P. I., neal and Barrett, JJ-Nos. 9, 4, 1, 15, 27, J-Motion Supreme Court-Chambers-Refore Patterson, J.-Motion Supreme Course-Chambers—Refore Patterson, J.—Motion aleman called at 11 o'clock.

Supreme Course-Chambers—Refore Patterson, J.—Motion aleman called at 11 o'clock.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part 1—Refore O'Brien, Supreme Court—Special Term—Part 1—Refore O'Brien, 15-No. 1130, 2340, 2503, 2506, -415, 2339, 605, 2041, 1844, 2352, 2468, 1609, 2401, 2554, 2768, 2400, 2760, 2441, 2763, 1747, 2448, 2170, 147, 237, 2480.

Supreme Court—Special term—Part 11—Before Beach, Supreme Court—Special term—Part, 11—Before Reach, 1-No. 2776, 27744-0, 1600, 1475, 1356, 212, -741, 1470, 1609, 419, 311, 312, 313, 314, 415, 173, 418, 310, 30, 321, 32.

Circuit Court—Part 111—Hefore Troux, J.—Short causes Circuit Court—Part 114-16-fore Troux, J.—Short causes 5000, 5015, 2201, 6015, 6029, 6185, 6020, 6213, David Court—Part 1400, 5148, 1517, 2554, 5379, circuit Court—Part 1—Adjourned until May 8, circuit Court—Part 11—Before Andrews, J.—Cases from Part 1.

rout Court-Part IV-Before Lawr nce, J .- Cases from

City Court—Typal Term—Part I—Before Ehrlich C. J.—
City Court—Typal Term—Part I—Before Ehrlich C. J.—
Nos 793 8210, 1870 2117, 1206, 2837, 1831 525, 707,
Nos 793 8210, 1870 2117, 1206, 2837, 1831 525, 707,
1175 351 2206 2259 2227, 2238 2274, 2293, 2310, 2811,
1228 2141, 2330 2100, 2332, 2452, 2472, 2476, 2479,
2483 2482
Lity Curt—Typa, Term—Part II—Before McGown, J.—
Lity Curt—Typa, Term—Part II—Before McGown, J.—
123 2441, 2341, 2343, 2350, 2350, 2381, 2382, 2331,
1244 2345, 2351, 2344, 2347, 2351, 2353,
1245 2361, 2340, 2341, 2343, 2344, 2347, 2351, 2353,
1245 2365, 2360

THANKS TO A CONDUCTOR, THEY PASS UNNOTICED A CAPITALISTS.

NOTICED A CAPIDAD OF CAPITALISTS.

Texerkana, Ark, May 4.—A party of Eastern capitalists who recently purchased the Texerkana and large lines who have also made large lines who have also

at Wagener, had a close call when the firing began. He left the car and went forward to see what was the matter, when one of the robbers opened fire on him, dismarging three shots at him, one of which pieced the crown of his hat and grazed the top of dishead. eigner of the commandery, ar se and expressed his tienemi Greene lives at No. 24 East Forty-se-

st. He was born at Warwick, R. L. May 6, 1801, and was graduated from West Point in Jane, 1823, he was appointed second figurerant of artillery. He restrand from the Army in 1836 and engaged in civil organeering, being especially successful in surveying and constructing railroads. He designed and built the reservoir in Central Park, enlarged 10gh Bridge and full the aqueduct ever it, planned the dam at Boyd's Corners, and in 1871 made the plans for the Civil War he reentered the Army as colonel of the coth Regiment, New-York Volunteers, and on April 28, 1802, was commissioned brigadier general. communiced a brigade at the battle of Cedar Moun ain, on August 9, 1262. He commanded the Second Existion of the Twelfth Army Corps at the battle of B. Elkins and their associates are interested. These Autietam and had his horse shot under him. He include five companies in the counties of Mineral, Antietam and had his horse shot under him. also fought bravely at the battles of Chancellors-ville and dedity-larg, and was commissioned major-general March 15, 1865.

AGAINST THE ELM STREET WIDENING BILL.

Truman H. Baldwin, a lawyer, of No. 31 Nassau t., has written a letter to Governor Flower pointing out some of the dangers in making what is known as the Flm Street Widening bill a law. Among other things he says that if the law should be held to be unconstitutional street opening in New-York City will entirety cease. "The present law," he continues, under which every street, avenue and park in the city has been opened, is a general law, which has been sustained by the courts for a century almost. The Fim Street bill does not leave this law upon the statute books, but removes and changes it altogether, and if it should be passed and eventually held to be unconstitutional, New-York City will be without any street opening law. All street opening will cease If land has been entered by the city its entry was a trespass. Innumerable actions for trespass will result with the utmost confusion."

Mr. Baldwin also declares that under the proposed law proceedings will be greatly delayed, while if action is taken under existing statutes the city can acquire title to the property needed for the Elm-st, opening on or before October 31 next.

SALE OF OIL PAINTINGS AND WATER COLORS The sale at auction of a collection of oil paintings and water colors by various well-known artists was begun at the Holbett Galleries, No. 576 Fifth-ave., hast night. There was a small attendance, and mod-erate prices prevailed. "Noonday Rest" and "On the Read to Market," by John Macpherson, of London, brought \$150 and \$125, respectively. Fugene Ver-

beeckhoven's "View in Holland" was knocked down for \$125. Other paintings disposed of were "Arklow Harbor," John Faulkner, \$100; "sheep" and "Companion," F. de V. Brissot, \$100 each, and "The Death of the Stag." Otto De Penne. \$190. Among the pictures to be sold this evening, wien the sale ends, is the third portrait of George Washington, painted from life b. Gilbert Stuart for the Fowler family. The painting was bought at the sale of A. Gates.

NEWS FROM NEW-JERSEY.

JERSEY CITY

In the case of Andrew J. Boyle, the defeated Demo cratic candidate for Freeholder in the VIIth District of Hudson County, who asked for a recount on the ground that illegal ballots were used and false counting resorted to in Harrison and Kearny, Judge Lipp neatt yesterday granted a rule to show cause. It is returnable at Trenton on the first Tuesday in June.

NEWARK.

The Turnbull Manufacturing Company secured a judgment last January of \$154.60 against Isaac Adler, a brewery collector, the value of a buggy, Adler declared he had, no properly, but was found to have on his person jewelry estimated to be worth \$400. Judge Truesdale, of the District Court, appointed a receiver for the jewelry, and ordered Adler to hand it over to the receiver. Adler's counsel advised him to refuse to comply with the order. advised him to refuse to comply with the order. Yesterday she was in caurt with his counsel, Judge Truesdaile ordered a constable to take Adler in custody for contempt of jourt. The counsel then produced a bond of apped to the supreme Court, which had been approved by Judge Depue. The bond acts as a stay of proceedings. Judge Truesdaile declined to consider the paper. A note was then sent to Judge Depue, who responded with a mardatory order for the release of the prisoner and the review of the proceedings in the case before the supreme Court

RUTHERFORD

Six new applications for membership in the Rutherford Military Company on Wednesday night brought the total up to fifty-ture-three more than the number necessary for mustering in. Captain Ely will at once take the necessary steps for recognition by the state. The company has leased Union Hall as an armory for a year.

ELIZABETH.

Samuel S. Moore, the retiring Republican postmaster, was visited at his name in Anna st. on Wednesday night by all the employes of the office, headed by Postmaster Sheridan, Mr. Moore's Democratic sucressor. Ex-Assemblemen Foster and Mr. Voorhees also accompanied them and presented to ex-Fost-master Moore a hastsome zold watch and chain, the gift of his former associates.

OTHER SUBURBAN TOWNS.

I NG ISLAND.

LONG ISLAND CITY.-It has just been discovered that the official and topographical maps of the city were never filed in the City Clerk's office. The maps were made in 1871 by a survey commission composed of General George B. McClellan, General William B. of General George B. McClellan, General William B., Franklin, R. M. C. Graham and Peter G. Van Alst. City Clerk Geldner has made a thorough search of nis office and falled to find the maps or any record of their having been filed as required by the legislative act creating the survey commission. The Common Counsel has directed Corporation Counsel William E. Stewart to learn what has become of the maps, and to take whatever steps may be necessary to recover them.

to recover them.

Alderman Edward J. Knaner said at a meeting of the Common Cannell that he understood that Van Alst had the maps. Van Alst declares that the city still owes him a large sum for work done in laying out the place, and says that when he is paid in full he will deliver to the city anything in his possession to which the corporation is entitled.

STAPLETON.—The Board of Police Commissioners was reorganized yesterday, Commissioner Phillip Wolff's term expired and District-Attorney Fitzgerald, the Board of Supervisors and County Judge Stephen D. Stephens met as a Board of Appointment to fill the vacancy. They re-elected Mr. Wolff. Then the other commissioners resigned. They were George C. Hubbard and Nicholas Muller. They were at once reappeinted. The terms will be five years. The term had been three years, a liw extending the term having been passed by the list Legislature. The members then went to Richmond and qualified. They returned to Stapleton and immediately organized by electing Nicholas Muller president and George C. Hubbard treasurer.

DESIGNS FOR THE NATURAL HISTORY MUSEUM. Mayor Glirov, presiding at the Board of Estimate yesterday, gave notice that as the Legislature had amended the law permitting improvements for the American Museum of Natural History, the plans for a lecture hall already submitted would be returned to the museum trustees. The Park commissioners will have new designs prepared, which will include an eastern extension of the building. President Jesup, of the Board of Trustees, has expressed his approval

of this course. A certified copy of the law authorizing an extra

THE CELEBRATION OF ARBOR DAY

More than 200,000 children will celebrate Arbor Day this afternoon at I o'clock in the public schools In his instructions state superintendent J. F. Crooker recommends that "this year a thorough and careful ndy of our maples be made so that this spring may not pass without having the public school chil equainted with the maple so that they may be able to recognize it anywhere. For those who shall be able to pursue the study further than maples, and who can spend much of their summer vacation in such pursuit, a list of all our native state trees and a few of the more common introduced ones will be formished." Thy superintendent Jasper said to

Tribune reporter yesterday: There will be the usual celebration of Arbor Day to-day. The children will meet in their schools at I o'clock and there will be recitations about woods, nowers, etc. This is mainly for the purpose of instilling in the children a love for trees."

THE PETROLEUM MARKET. There were no sales of petroleum on the Consolidated Exchange yesterday until near the close of the day's session. Then 21,000 barrels of National Transit crude certificates were sold from 61 cents down to 59.7-8 cents. Petroleum sold on the Stock Exchange on Wednesday at 60 1-4 cents. fixed petroieum did not change from Wednesday's closing quotations—5.30 cents a gallon in barrels, 2.80 cents a gallon in bulk and 5.95 cents a gallon in cases. The foreign quotations were: Antwerp, 12 4 frames; bremen, 5.20 marks, and London, 4 1-8s 4 1-4d.

WEST VIRGINIA COAL COMBINATION. Wheeling, W. Va., May 4 (Special).-At a meeting

held in Piedmont, W. Va., this week, it was decided to consolidate all the coal and coke companies b Grant, Tucker and Randelph, W. Va. They are the Davis Coal and Coke Company, the H. G. Davis Coal Company, the Davis-Elkins Coal and Coke Company. the Henry Coal and Coke Company and the Fuirfax Coal and Coke Company. The stockholders of the individual companies have voted in favor of the consolitation, and a meeting will be held in Estimore on caturday to perfect the details of the plan. It has been decided that M6 Elkins will be president. Colonel Thomas B. Davis vice-president, and Fairfax S. P. Landstreet general manager. The headquarters of the company will be at New-York, with branch offices at Philadelphia Baltimore, Washington, Greenwich, Piedmont, Davis, Thomas, Windom and Coketon, the latter four being the points at which the mines are located. The new organization has a capital of \$3,000,000, and owns 50,000 acres of splendid coal land, which to underlaid with steam, c king, smithing and gas coals The plants in the new concern are all modern and have an output of about a million tons a year. The change in the method of operating the plants will date from May 1. The headquarters of the concern will be at Pledmont for local saipments, and Davis for all shipments to the West and East. The new plan is expected to save about \$20,000 a year in the matter of operating expenses, and will remove much of the competition from the field. cerns interested have over four hundred coke ovens The Davis company is now loading three vessels at Pattimore for shipment to south America. It has regular customers in Mexico taking coke under year-ly contracts.

ABUTT'S JOURNEY TO AUSTRIA BEGUN. Chicago, Ill., May 4 .- Jacques Licco Adutt, the

Vienna bank employe, whose extradition the Austrian Government asks on a charge of forgery, was taken East this afternoon, and will be given into the custody of Dr. Von Palitschek, Consul-General of the Austrian Government, at New-York, his application for an appeal to the Federal Supreme Court been dismissed by Judge Jenkius this morning. Adult is believed to be somewhat flighty, and extra precautions will be taken by his captors to prevent any attempt to commit suicide, which the prisoner has said would be preferable to his return to Vienna.